



Lect.4 Practical Virology

Subject name: Cell culture in virology

Subject year: Third-year

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Steps of Handling the mouse(Double handed restraint)

Step 1: The mouse lifted by the base of tail and placed on the lid of the cage with the preferred hand and The tail gently pull back

Step 2: Gently, Quickly and Firmly by the scruff of the neck behind the ears with the tumbs and index of the other hand.

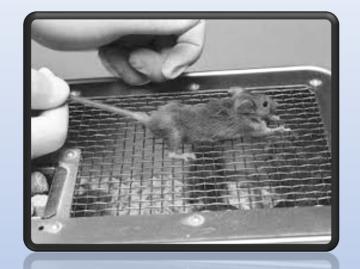
Step 3: The tail is transferred from the preferred hand to between palm and little finger of the other hand and then held firmly.

Step 4: The mouse now is restrained.

*Please see the pictures related to the steps above in the next slide.

Steps of Handling the mouse(Double handed restraint)

Step 1



Step 2



Step 3



Step 4



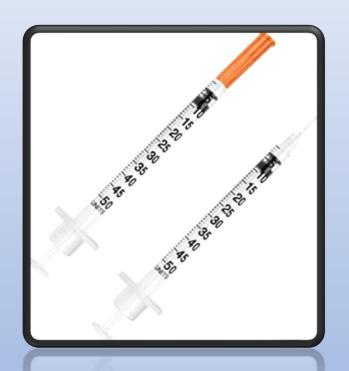
Routes of administrations for Laboratory animals

- 1- Intraperitoneal (I.P.) Injection
- 2- Subcutaneously (S,C,..) Injection
- 3- Intravenously (I.V.) Injection
- 4- Intraperitoneal (I.P.) Injection
- 5- Retro-Orbital Injection
- 6-Intranasal Administration (inhalationan)
- 7- Intrarectally Administration
- 8- Intradermally Injection
- 9-Inramammary Injection
- 10-Intragastric Administration
- 11-Intracerebral injection

*We use the following for drugs administration

- Insulin syringes for some types of injections with using the appropriate guage.
- Oral gavage for intragastric administration .
- Micropipette Pipette for intranasal administration .

Routes of administrations for Lab animals



Insulin Syringe (I.M., I.V.,S.C.)



Oral gavage (Intragastric)



Micropipette (Intranasal administration)



Intramuscular Injection(I.M.)
into the leg muscle of the
mouse



Intraperitoneal Injection (I.P.)



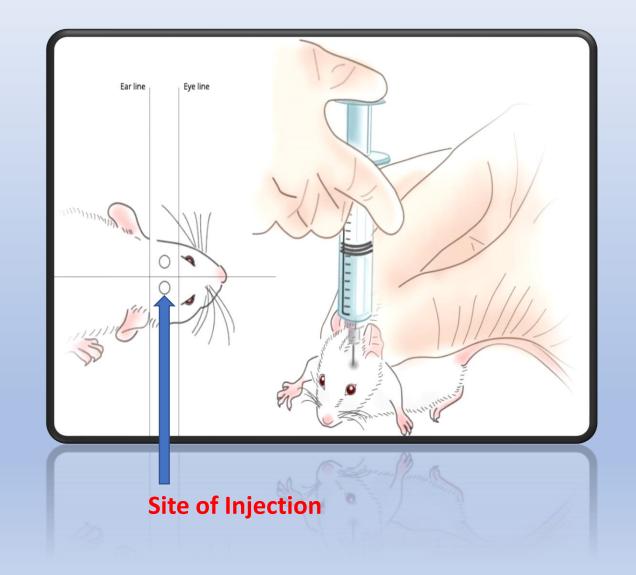
Retro-Orbital Injection



Intraperitoneal Injection (I.P.)



Intra-Cerebral Injection





Intra Nasal (I.N.) Administration



Intraperitoneal Injection (I.P.)



Tail vein Injection (I.P.)



General Considerations that should be taken while dealing with Laboratory animals

4- Provider or Source of mice

The providers for laboratory animals should always be consistent, and the animals coming from trusted institutions and well monitored in terms of all healt, breeding and Management access





Typical Cage for laboratory mice



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