

Q1: Answer two of the following. 25 M.

- A- Enumerate the types of toxins.
- B- Explain the clinical signs of equine colic.
- C- Enumerate the causes of vomiting and regurgitation.

Q2: Answer the following. 25 M.

- A- Write about pathogenesis of peritonitis.
- B- Fill the blanks with suitable words.
 - 1- Alimentary tract hemorrhage include and
 - 2- The pathogenesis of equine colic is variable depending on and
 - 3- Congenital atresia of the intestine can be differentiated from of foals.
 - 4- Peritonitis is common in , less common in
 - 5- Replacement of lost in gastrointestinal disease is one of the most Important principles of treatment.

Q3: Answer two branches only. 25 M.

- A: Numerate **five** causes of excessive **salivation**.
- B: How you can treat case with acute and less acute Rumen acidosis.
- C: How you can make prevention and control of acidosis.

Q4: Answer two branches only. 25 M.

- A: Numerate **types** of **jaw fracture** and **talk briefly** about each type.
- B: How you can treat case with vagal indigestion.
- C: Numerate main clinical sings of acute **Traumatic reticulitis**.

Good Luck

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